



**WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY**  
B.Sc. Honours 4th Semester Examination, 2020

**BOTACOR08T-BOTANY (CC8)**

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.  
Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.  
All symbols are of usual significance.*

1. Answer the following questions in brief: 1×6 = 6
  - (a) What is central dogma?
  - (b) The base composition of M13 phage DNA is – A-23%; T-36%; G-21% and C-20%, what is the nature of M13 phage DNA?
  - (c) What is Shine-Dalgarno sequence?
  - (d) What are linker histones?
  - (e) What are Okazaki fragments?
  - (f) What are peptide hormones?
  
2. Answer any **eight** questions from the following: 3×8 = 24
  - (a) Briefly describe the Avery-McLeod-McCarty experiment to prove DNA as genetic material. 3
  - (b) Give an account of cp-DNA. 3
  - (c) What is proof reading activity in replication? What will happen if the function is mutated? 2+1
  - (d) Briefly mention the specific role of all the enzymes required for DNA replication in prokaryotes. 3
  - (e) Distinguish between rho-dependent and rho-independent termination of transcription. 3
  - (f) Describe the reactions involved in the aminoacylation (charging) of a tRNA molecule. 3
  - (g) Distinguish between constitutive and facultative heterochromatin. 3
  - (h) Discuss the similarities and differences between *E. coli* RNA polymerase and eukaryotic RNA polymerase. 3
  - (i) What are transcription factors? Describe the promoter sites for initiation of transcription in eukaryotes. 1+2
  - (j) At which end of m RNA is poly A? What is cap? Are there eukaryotic mRNA molecules that do not contain either feature? 1+1+1
  - (k) Differentiate between the mechanisms of RNA splicing between group I and group II introns. 3
  - (l) State the properties of Ribozymes. What major roles are played by Ribozymes in cells? 1+2

3. Answer any *two* from the following: 5×2 = 10
- (a) With suitable sketches briefly describe the leading strand and lagging strand synthesis in prokaryotes. Why primers are required for DNA synthesis? 4+1
- (b) What is spliceosome? With suitable diagram discuss the splicing mechanism of splicing introns. 1+4
- (c) What do you mean by degeneracy of genetic code? Discuss the triplet binding technique of deciphering the genetic code. Is genetic code strictly universal? 1+3+1
- (d) What makes the lac operon turn on? Briefly describe the mechanism of negative control of lac operon. 2+3

**N.B. :** *Students have to complete submission of their Answer Scripts through E-mail / Whatsapp to their own respective colleges on the same day / date of examination within 1 hour after end of exam. University / College authorities will not be held responsible for wrong submission (at in proper address). Students are strongly advised not to submit multiple copies of the same answer script.*

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